

The Daily Gazetteer.

No. 503

SATURDAY, JUNE 8, 1745.

Yesterday arriv'd a Mail from Holland.

Petersburg, May 21.



HE British, Hungarian, Polish, and Dutch Ministers confer frequently with the Chancellor, in relation to the Accession of her Imperial Majesty to the Treaty concluded at Warsaw; but with what Success, is not as yet known. The Count de Bestuchess declared, within these few Days,

to the French Minister M. D'Allion, that the Czirina would hear, with great Satisfaction, that the known Moderation of his Most Christian Majesty had restrain'd him from causing any Violence to be offer'd, or Disturbance given, to the Dyst of Election at Franckfort. That Minister answer'd, he would infallibly acquaint his Court with the Sentiments of her Imperial Majesty; but that he was very apprehensive that Reasons of State, and the Rules of War, might put it out of the Power of his Majesty to act in the manner she desir'd, with regard to the Assembly in Question.

Berlin, June 8. Yesterday, before Eight in the Morning, M. de Wartenberg, one of the King's Adjutants, arriv'd here, with 16 Postillions before him. He brought the Two Queens the following accurate and distinct Account of the complete Victory gained by his Majesty in Person over the Combined Armies of Prince Charles of Lorrain, and the Duke de Saxe Weissenfels, after a bloody Engagement, in which abundance of Men have been lost on both Sides.

The Austrian Army, after being join'd by the Saxon Troops, became augmented to near 80,000 Men, and had formed a Design of penetrating into Silesia, by the Passes thro' the Mountains on the Side of Friedland and Landshut. They began to march thro' those Passes on the 2d or 3d of this Month; and the great Point they had in View of this Disposition, was to cut off the King's Communication with the rest of Lower Silesia, and even with Glogaw, and consequently with Brandenbourg.

To prevent this Scheme from taking Effect, the King marched on the 3d to meet the Enemy. The next Day, by Three in the Morning, the Two Armies were in Sight, the Austrians forming the Right, and the Saxons being on the Left of the Allied Army.

It was about Four when the Engagement was begun by our Van Guard, under the Command of Lieutenant-General Dumaulin, and Major-General Winterfield. Our Right Wing made so warm and brisk a Fire on the Saxons, that they were the first in giving Way; and their Cavalry falling into Disorder, were at last obliged to break.

The Engagement was very long, and very obstinate between our Left Wing, and in the Center, with the Austrians and Hungarians who engaged them; the latter were several times broke, but they rallied and returned to the Charge. The Fire of the small Arms, accompanied by that of the Field Artillery, was extremely warm, and well served on one Side, as well as the other.

About half an Hour after Ten, when the Battle had lasted somewhat more than Five Hours, several Corps of the Enemy that had been most exposed to the dreadful Fire of our Infantry and Field Pieces, began to give Way. Our Grenadiers improved this Opportunity, and by a vigorous Push, threw them into Confusion. The Enemy being rout'd, were obliged to abandon the Plain, and to retire as well as they could thro' the Defiles by which they had enter'd it.

We pursued them in their Retreat about an Hour and half; and did not quit our Pursuit till all the flat Country was clear'd, and they were got entirely back into the Mountains; where it was not judg'd expedient to follow them.

The Advantage our Troops have gain'd, is of the utmost Consequence. The King, who commanded his Army in Person, and who directed all its Motions, was himself expos'd to the warmest Fire; as were likewise his Brethren, the Prince Royal of Prussia, and Prince Henry; yet his Majesty, and their Royal Highnesses, are in perfect Health.

The Number of the Killed and Wounded left by the Austrians and Saxons on the Field of Battle, cannot fall short of 4000. It does not appear that we have lost on our Side above 1200. As to the Prisoners we have made, they amount to above 6000; including Six Generals, and Thirty Officers of Distinction. We have taken at least Sixty Pair of Colours,

Ten Standards, and Eight Pair of Kettle Drums. We have likewise taken Forty Pieces of Field Artillery. The Austrians and Saxons, both have been obliged to leave a great Part of their Baggage, Equipage, and Ammunition Waggon's behind them.

The King is extremely concern'd for the Loss of Lieutenant-General Count de Truches-Waldbourg, who was kill'd by a Cannon Ball at the Beginning of the Engagement. The Colonels Massow and Schwerin are dangerously wounded, as are the Lieutenant-Colonels Bodenbroek and Kahlbutz. Lieutenant-Colonel Bertikow is among the Number of the Dead, with some other worthy Officers.

Yesterday another Adjutant of the King's brought us a List of the Generals wounded, made Prisoners, and killed. On the Side of the Austrians there are, General Baron de Berlichingen, Prisoner, and dangerously wounded; General Baron Thungen, Prisoner, and since dead of his Wounds; Lieutenant Field-Marshal Count Francis de St. Ignon, Prisoner, and wounded; Major-General Forstsch, Prisoner; Major-General Hohenhausen, killed. Of the Saxons there are, Major-General Bostenbostel, killed; Major-General Schlichting, Prisoner. Besides these Generals, there are abundance of Colonels and other high Officers, Austrians and Saxons, killed, wounded, or taken Prisoners, to the Number of four-score. This Day Te Deum was sung here with the usual Ceremony.

Leipzick, June 9. The following is the Account sent to the King by the Duke of Saxe-Weissenfels, of the Action that happened lately in Silesia.

On the 28th your Majesty's Troops joined those of the Queen of Hungary, and entered Silesia on the 29th, directing their March towards Friedbourg, and advanced within two Leagues of Schwerin, in order to execute the Design formed by Prince Charles, of cutting off the Communication of the Prussians with the rest of Silesia, and with their own Country. We continued our Dispositions for this Purpose from the 31st of last Month to the 3d of this. To shut up the Prussians the closer, we ordered some Troops to desile on the Left towards Jauer, upon which the King of Prussia made a Motion with his Army, and presented himself, on the 4th in the Morning, in Order of Battle, within half a Mile of Friedbourg. The Prussians attacked with a great deal of Vivacity; we received them with a great deal of Firmness; and the Engagement remained undecided till about Ten o'Clock; when our Cavalry being disordered by the Unevenness of the Ground, were obliged to retire, in order to form again behind the Foot. Our left Wing being by this very much weakened, our irregular Troops falling into Confusion, and this Confusion spreading itself also among such as had the Care of the Artillery, his Royal Highness judged it proper to direct a Retreat. It was made in very good Order, so that we have regained the Passes of Landshut and Schmiedberg, the Enemy pursuing us only at a Distance. We have lost about 3 or 4000 Men; some Generals likewise are missing. All the Army fought with the greatest Bravery and Intrepidity. We do not certainly know the Loss of the Prussians; but it must have been very great; at least equal, if not superior to ours, their Cavalry having suffered extremely during the Action. The next Courier shall bring a more distinct Account. In the mean time we are Masters of the Passes through which the Allied Army entered into Silesia.

Franckfort, June 6. The Army of Field-Marshal Count Traun having begun to direct its march towards the Neckar, the Prince of Conti directed the March of most of his Troops that Way, which was precisely what the Austrian General wanted; who thereupon turn'd off to the Right, and is marching with the utmost Diligence, in order to double the Spessart, so as to come out again about Geissen. In the mean time the Duke of Aremberg, who has likewise given the French the Slip, by some seemingly retrograde Motions, has appear'd with his Army in the Neighbourhood of Wetzlar, when it was least expected. We conceive from hence, that the Junction of the two Armies will be made on the 11th and 12th at farthest, without its being in the Power of the Prince of Conti to prevent it. It is true that his Highness is at present in full March, with all the Troops he had on the Neckar, in order to return to the Main; but it evidently appears, from all his Dispositions, that he intends nothing more by that than to post himself in such a manner behind the River, as to secure himself from the Army of the Allies when join'd, which he is sensible will be much superior to his own, even if his Remonstrances should have their Effect, and his Most Christian Majesty should retract his Orders for

sending a Detachment from his Highness's Army into the Netherlands.

Bonn, June 6. The Army of the Allies, after having encamped several Days on the Right Side of the Rhine; over against this City, began its march in the Night between the 4th and 5th, towards Sigen, from whence it will advance towards the Frontiers of Hesse; at the same time Count Traun will arrive there with the Army of the Grand Duke. It is generally conceived here, that the Junction of the Two Armies will be made on the 12th; that of Duke Aremberg arrived on the 5th at Guntz; will march this Day to Ober Elven; and will march from thence To-morrow to Weiden.

However, May 31. His Majesty did not appear in publick the Day before Yesterday, on Account of a fluxion in his Eyes; but Yesterday his Majesty dined in publick, and will do the same to Day. Lord Tirawley has made a large Report to his Majesty, of his Negotiations in Russia, and was very graciously received. It was not Mr. Winterstein, but Mr. Schmitzberg that came hither to compliment the King on the Part of the Elector of Mentz, and is still here. Baron Munchhausen, the King's first Ambassador to the Dyst of Election, is preparing to set out, with a magnificent Equipage, for Franckfort. We are assured that his Majesty intends to have a Conference with the Duke of Lorrain at Fulde, as his Royal Highness takes that Place in his Way to the Army of Count Traun. Before his Majesty left London, he ordered certain Commissioners to enquire into the Case of Marshal Beleisle and his Brother, and to report whether they had or had not a Right to lay Claim to the Treaty of Cartel; and, consequently, to be regarded as Prisoners of War.

Brussels, June 11. Prince Waldeck has already formed Two Independent Companies of Foot out of the French Deserters; one of which is to be commanded by a Man of Family, who was obliged to leave his Country for a Duel. His Highness proposes to raise Two Troops of Dragoons in the same manner; which, in all probability he will not be long in completing; since he has offered 10 Ducats to every one who deserts, and 10 to every one who brings his Horse and Arms; which is a very considerable Encouragement to those who are well enough disposed to desert already. The fine Convent of Capuchins at Tournay has suffered exceedingly by the late Siege; and there is not a House in the Town that has not some way or other suffered.

Hague, June 10. According to our last Advices from the Low Countries, the Siege of the Citadel of Touray has already cost the French upwards of 3000 Men; and they particularly lost so many by the two last Sallies that were made, that they found themselves obliged to demand a Suspension of Arms for twice 24 Hours. According to all Appearance, their High Mightinesses are determined to push their Military Operations to the utmost, both by Sea and Land; having received certain Information, that the French intend to declare such Ships of theirs as are taken by Privateers, good Prizes.

H O M E P O R T S.

Falmouth, June 3. Wind N. Sailed the Hanover Packer, Enouf, for Lisbon; the Expedition, Hawkins, for Barbados; and the George Galley, —, for Virginia.

Weymouth, June 5. Wind N. E. On the 3d sail'd from hence the Alexander, Rose, for Barbados; the Blessing, Andrews, and the Vineyard, Holland, for Ireland. Yesterday arriv'd the John and Martha, Deere, and the Elizabeth, Turner, from London.

Pool, June 5. Sailed the St. John, Pike, for Sligo. Came in the William and Thomas, Land, the Elizabeth, Mills, the William and —, Rose, and the Thomas and Eliza, Henning, from London; the Providence, Wills, the Thomas and Robert, Taverner, the Amelia, Walker, and the John and Elizabeth, Wills, all from Newcastle.

Cowes, June 5. Wind N. Yesterday came in the Diamond, White, from Chichester for Dublin; and the Post Boy, Gregg, from London for Cork. Sailed the Southampton, Taylor, from Portsmouth for Dublin; and the Swallow, Player, from hence for Cork. This Morning came in the Sarah, Talcot, the Elizabeth, Hillgrave, and the Sophia, Sandwell, from Dover for Guernsey. Sailed the Diamond, White, for Dublin.

Dover, June 6. Wind N. E. Remain the Duke of War, and the Swift and Castle Privates.

L O N D O N.

The Count de Saxe lately sent Orders to Dunkirk for a large Number of Surgeons to repair to him, where the Hospitals are full of sick and wounded Men, that die daily in great Numbers.

We learn by private Letters from Franckfort, that an Offer has been made to Prince William of Hesse, that the Grand Duke of Tuscany shall perform all that was promis'd to the Landgrave by the late Emperor Charles the VIIth, in case his Royal Highness is chosen King of the Romans, and the Hessian Troops enter into the Service of the Allies.

There are some Advices from Germany which say, that Field-Marshal Barthiani proposes to make a Tour to Hanover, in order to receive the Commands of his Britannick Majesty, with respect to the Military Operations of this Campaign.

The Cheshire, Frith, and another Vessel from Liverpool for —, are both taken, and carried into Havre.

Yesterday Morning a Boat going for Deptford ran foul of a Collier at Blackwall; by which Accident the Boat sunk, and two Persons were drown'd; one of them was the Son of a wealthy Cornfactor in Wapping.

On Thursday died, at her House at Lowayton, Mrs. Henrietta Jackson, a Maiden Gentlewoman of a very large Estate.

High Water this Day 2 Morning 5 of 21 Evening 5 of 38

Bank Stock, 146 1-half. India, Nothing done. South Sea, 109. Old Annuity, 110 7-8ths to 111. New ditto, 111 1-half. Three per Cent, 93 1-half. Ditto 1743, 93. Ditto 1744, 93. Ditto 1745, 91 3-4ths. Seven per Cent. Loan, Nothing done. Five per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Royal Assurance, 84 1-half. London Assurance, 11 1-8th. India Bonds, 11. 18s. to 17s. Bank Circulation, 51. 2s. 6d. Salt Tallies, Nothing done. Ditto 1745, 1 3-4ths Discount. Three 1-half per Cent. Exchequer Orders, Nothing done. Three per Cent. ditto, Nothing done. Annuities for Lives, 15 Years, 1-4th the Purchase. Million Bank, 114 1-half. Tickets, 111.

Whereas several Persons have lately reported to Bath, under Presence that they were to be admitted into the General Hospital there, and have thereby been a common Nuisance to the said City: This is to acquaint all Persons, that no Application will be received, unless the Person be at his usual Place of Abode when such Application is made.

No Letters will be received unless Post paid.

By Order of the President and Governors,
E. BRETT, Register.

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